

EXHIBIT 3



Adding vitality to life



2006 Annual Report and Accounts

Operating review by region Europe

Europe

Turnover (€ million)
Continuing operations

	2006	15 000
2005	14 940	
2004	15 252	

Operating profit (€ million)
Continuing operations

	2006	1 903
2005	2 064	
2004	2 045	

Operating margin (%)
Continuing operations

	2006	12.7
2005	13.8	
2004	13.4	

Continuing operations at current rates of exchange	€million		€ million	Year on year change at current exchange rates		Year on year change at constant exchange rates	
	2006	2005		2006 vs 2005	2005 vs 2004	2006 vs 2005	2005 vs 2004
Turnover	15 000	14 940	15 252	0.4%	(2.0)%	0.2%	(2.4)%
Operating profit	1 903	2 064	2 045	(7.7)%	0.8%	(7.9)%	0.6%
Operating margin	12.7%	13.8%	13.4%				
Restructuring, business disposals, impairment charges and one-time gain on UK pension plans included in operating margin	(1.4)%	(0.9)%	(2.7)%				
Turnover and underlying sales growth	2006 vs 2005	2005 vs 2004					
Underlying sales growth (%)	1.0	(0.4)					
Effect of acquisitions (%)	0.1	0.0					
Effect of disposals (%)	(0.9)	(2.1)					
Effect of exchange rates (%)	0.2	0.4					
Turnover growth (%)	0.4	(2.0)					

2006 compared with 2005

Turnover at current rates of exchange rose by 0.4%, after the impact of acquisitions, disposals and exchange rate changes as set out in the table above. Operating profit at current rates of exchange fell by 7.7%, after including a favourable currency movement of 0.2%. The underlying performance of the business after eliminating these exchange translation effects and the impact of acquisitions and disposals is discussed below at constant exchange rates.

We have done much work in Europe to make our business more competitive. In particular there has been a single-minded drive to improve the value we offer consumers, plus a strong innovation programme targeted at the core of our portfolio. Simultaneously, the implementation of our 'One Unilever' programme, the building of capabilities and changes in leadership are all resulting in better execution.

These differences, combined with improved consumer demand, returned the region to modest growth. Underlying sales grew by 1% in the year – entirely from volume. Market shares were broadly stable with gains in ice cream, soups, deodorants and body care. However, there were losses in laundry, hair care and tea.

The UK, our largest European business, returned to growth in the year with good results across most Foods and personal care ranges. Although laundry sales declined, there have been promising signs of progress in recent market shares with *Persil* regaining its position as the country's leading laundry brand.

The Netherlands had a strong year. A pioneer of 'One Unilever', it benefited from operating as a single company. Highlights were rapid growth for *Lipton*, *Dove*, *Rexona* and *Axe*.

France remained a difficult market with sales lower in spreads, laundry and hair care. New management is now in place and there was an improvement in the second half of the year.

Sales in Germany held up better in 2006. There was good growth for personal care brands but some turnover in *Lipton* ice tea was lost following changes in rules for bottle returns.

Central and Eastern Europe continued to do well, driven by double-digit growth in Russia.

The sale of the majority of our European frozen foods businesses to Permira was successfully completed during the year.

Our 2006 innovation programmes have resulted in our Foods brands wholeheartedly embracing the concept of Vitality, with new products designed to deliver the health benefits that consumers seek. *Rama/Blue Band Idea!* – spreads with added nutrients which are beneficial to children's mental development – was launched in 2006 and is being rapidly rolled out in 2007. Throughout 2007 cause-related promotional activities associated with these brands will support the United Nations World Food Programme, improving awareness of child hunger and raising funds to alleviate it.

A range of *Knorr* bouillon cubes with selected natural ingredients and a better, richer taste has been rolled out across the region, while *Vie* one-shot fruit and vegetable products are now available in 12 countries. Meanwhile, Latin America's *AdeS* drink, a healthy blend of fruit juices and soya, has been launched successfully in the UK as *AdeZ*.

Operating review by region Europe (continued)

2006 compared with 2005 (continued)

Product launches with clear functional or emotional benefits in Home and Personal Care brands are being rolled out rapidly across the region. A range of new *Dove* launches included the moisturising self-tan *Dove Summer Glow*. Meanwhile in household care, *Domestos 5x* continues to kill germs even after several flushes and the cleaning power of *Cif* has been applied to a series of power sprays.

The operating margin, at 12.7%, was 1.1 percentage points lower than a year ago, with higher net costs for restructuring, disposals and impairments, partially offset by a one-time gain of €120 million from changes to the UK pensions plan. Before these items, the operating margin would have been 0.6 percentage points lower than in 2005. Margins in Foods were lower than in 2005 as we absorbed significant increases in commodity costs which were only partly compensated by savings programmes.

2005 compared with 2004

Turnover at current rates of exchange fell by 2.0%, mainly due to disposals, and including a positive impact from currency movements of 0.4%. Operating profit at current rates of exchange rose by 0.8%, including a favourable effect of currency movements of 0.2%. The underlying performance of the business after eliminating these exchange translation effects and the impact of acquisitions and disposals is discussed below at constant exchange rates.

Our priority in Europe was to regain momentum and improve competitiveness. The focus was on enhancing the value to consumers of our products through keener pricing, improved quality and more and better innovation.

Marketing support was raised to a more competitive level with additional spend deployed against our best opportunities, and the organisation was streamlined.

We made progress during the year. Volume was slightly positive, but investment in pricing meant that underlying sales declined by 0.4% in the year.

Central and Eastern Europe performed well in buoyant markets, notably in Russia which was ahead by nearly 20%.

Western Europe was challenging, with continued weak consumer demand. Our businesses grew in the Netherlands and Spain, but declined in France, Germany and the UK.

In Foods, we have held overall market share through the course of the year, with growth across all key categories apart from frozen foods.

In Home and Personal Care we had a disappointing year and we have lost market share, particularly in the UK.

New product launches in 2005 included *Knorr Vie* mini shots, extensions of the *Becel/Flora pro•activ* heart health range, soups fortified with vitamins and low-fat soups.

We introduced a *Rexona Sport* variant in deodorants, *Axe* shower gel and *Sunsilk* hair styling products. We further improved our home care product range with launches that address specific consumer needs, such as 'no-need-to-pre-treat' laundry detergents, *Sun* 4-in-1 dishwash and *Domestos* sink and drain unblocker.

The operating margin, at 13.8%, was 0.4 percentage points higher than in 2004. Increased advertising and promotions and pricing investment together with higher input costs were partly offset by productivity gains. Net restructuring, disposal and impairment costs, at 0.9% were 1.8 percentage points lower than in 2004.

Operating review by region The Americas

The Americas

Turnover (€ million)
Continuing operations

	2006	13 779
2005	13 179	
2004	12 296	

Operating profit (€ million)
Continuing operations

	2006	2 178
2005	1 719	
2004	896	

Operating margin (%)
Continuing operations

	2006	15.8
2005	13.0	
2004	7.3	

Continuing operations at current rates of exchange	€million		€ million	Year on year change at current exchange rates		Year on year change at constant exchange rates	
	2006	2005		2006 vs 2005	2005 vs 2004	2006 vs 2005	2005 vs 2004
Turnover	13 779	13 179	12 296	4.6%	7.2%	3.1%	3.4%
Operating profit	2 178	1 719	896	26.7%	91.9%	25.0%	83.6%
Operating margin	15.8%	13.0%	7.3%				
Restructuring, business disposals, impairment charges and one-time gain on US healthcare plans included in operating margin	0.0%	(3.4)%	(9.2)%				
 Turnover and underlying sales growth	 2006 vs 2005	 2005 vs 2004					
Underlying sales growth (%)	3.7	4.1					
Effect of acquisitions (%)	0.1	0.0					
Effect of disposals (%)	(0.7)	(0.7)					
Effect of exchange rates (%)	1.4	3.6					
Turnover growth (%)	4.6	7.2					

2006 compared with 2005

Turnover at current rates of exchange rose by 4.6%, after the impact of acquisitions, disposals and exchange rate changes as set out in the table above. Operating profit at current rates of exchange rose by 26.7%, after including a favourable currency movement of 1.4%. The underlying performance of the business after eliminating these exchange translation effects and the impact of acquisitions and disposals is discussed below at constant exchange rates.

Overall, we have maintained share in the US in markets which are growing at around 3%. Underlying sales growth in the US was 2.4%, partly reflecting the effect of trade de-stocking in personal care brands during the first half of the year and in ice cream in the second half. *Degree*, *Dove* and *Axe* – our three main deodorants brands – all gained share. The launch of *Sunsilk* drove growth in haircare. In laundry we initiated the move to concentrated liquids but have lost further share in conventional detergents.

Bertolli frozen meals, *Lipton* ready-to-drink tea, in our joint venture with *Pepsi*, and *Slim-Fast* all gained share in the US with the latter making weight loss accessible, affordable and achievable for consumers everywhere. Our share for the year as a whole was also up in ice cream, although sales were down. The sector has been heavily promoted in recent years but in 2006 the level of promotional intensity reduced. As a result, the trade used up stocks and bought less.

Sales in Brazil picked up well after a slow start, with very good innovation-driven performances in hair, deodorants and laundry. Indeed, *Omo*'s brand share was at its highest level for many years.

Sales in Mexico were lower for the year, affected by a combination of a decline in the traditional retail trade and local low-priced competition. In addition, there were several operational issues which have since been addressed. The business returned to growth in the fourth quarter. Elsewhere there was good growth in Argentina, Central America and Venezuela. Taken together, sales in Latin America were ahead by 5.8% with Home and Personal Care brands continuing to do well. However, there was more modest growth in Foods brands due to tough local competition.

New products introduced in the US included *Wish-Bone Salad Spritzers* with one calorie per spray, further development of the *Bertolli* premium frozen meal range, and *Lipton* pyramid tea bags. Across the region, new *Knorr* soups and bouillons cater for local tastes. The highly successful *AdeS* nutritional drink has been extended with a 'light' variant, new fruit flavours and the launch of soymilk in Brazil and Mexico.

We strengthened our hair portfolio with the launch of *Sunsilk*, improved both the *Suave* and *Dove* haircare lines and sold the *Aquanet* and *Finesse* brands. We had a good sales response to *all Small & Mighty* concentrated liquid detergents. These use reduced-size packaging to save water, cardboard and energy use in production, packaging and transport. They are also easier for consumers to carry, pour and store. We then applied *all Small & Mighty*'s product technology to fabric conditioners, creating *Snuggle Exhilarations* – a three-times more concentrated premium sub-range delivering superior fragrance. In Brazil, *Omo* has been further strengthened with a new top-performance product including baby and foam control variants.

Operating review by region The Americas (continued)

2006 compared with 2005 (continued)

The operating margin, at 15.8%, was 2.8 percentage points higher than a year ago. There were lower costs for restructuring, disposals and impairments, and a one-time benefit in 2006 of €146 million from changes to US healthcare plans. In 2005 there was a gain on the sale of an office. Before these items the operating margin would have been 0.3 percentage points lower than last year. Innovation-driven marketing mix, pricing and productivity offset high commodity costs. Advertising and promotions were increased to support major brand launches.

2005 compared with 2004

Turnover at current rates of exchange rose by 7.2%, including a positive impact from currency movements of 3.6%. Operating profit at current rates of exchange was 92% higher than in 2004, including a favourable impact from currency movements of 8.3%. The underlying performance of the business after eliminating these exchange translation effects and the impact of disposals is discussed below at constant exchange rates.

Underlying sales grew by 4%, all coming from volume gains, broadly based across the region, underpinned by a successful innovation programme.

Consumer demand in the US showed a sustained recovery. Our sales in the US grew by 3.2%, accelerating through the year, and we gained market share in aggregate.

In Brazil and Mexico, a strong first half was followed by relatively weaker demand in the second half of the year. We grew in line with our markets in Home and Personal Care, but saw some share loss in Foods.

Growth in Personal Care across the region was driven by good consumer response to our initiatives, including Vitality innovation and consistent support. This was particularly evident in the deodorants and personal wash categories, with strong double-digit growth for Axe, now the number one deodorant in the US, and for the Dove and Rexona brands.

Another strong Foods performance in the US was driven by further share gains in ice cream, continued good results from the extension of the *Country Crock* and *Bertolli* brands into new categories, and from *Lipton* ready-to-drink and speciality teas. *Slim-Fast* continued to regain share, but in a much contracted weight management market and sales were well below the previous year.

New launches in the US included the well received *Dove Cool Moisture* range and the extension of *Axe* into male shower gels. In Latin America our brands were also very successful in connecting with younger consumers through *Rexona* 'teens' and innovative communication for *Axe*.

In the US we introduced *all Small & Mighty* laundry detergent, offering the convenience of the same cleaning power in a smaller bottle. We invested in communication of our *Omo* laundry brands, under the 'Dirt is Good' campaign in southern Latin America.

In Foods, we strengthened the Vitality credentials of our brands in the US with *Promise* heart health spread, *Ragú* organic and support for the anti-oxidant properties of *Lipton* teas. *AdeS* continued to build across Latin America with the distinctive nutrition benefits of 'soy with fruit'.

The operating margin at current rates of exchange was 13.0%, 5.7 percentage points higher than in 2004. Net charges for restructuring, disposal and impairment were 3.4%, which was 5.8 percentage points lower than in the prior year. Cost savings offset a higher level of advertising and promotions and increased input costs. There were also gains from the sale of an office in the US, in US healthcare plans and from currency effects on capital reductions.

Operating review by region Asia Africa

Asia Africa

Turnover (€ million)
Continuing operations

	2006	10 863
2005	10 282	
2004	9 620	

Operating profit (€ million)
Continuing operations

	2006	1 327
2005	1 291	
2004	1 040	

Operating margin (%)
Continuing operations

	2006	12.2
2005	12.6	
2004	10.8	

Continuing operations at current rates of exchange	€million		€ million	Year on year change at current exchange rates		Year on year change at constant exchange rates	
	2006	2005		2006 vs 2005	2005 vs 2004	2006 vs 2005	2005 vs 2004
Turnover	10 863	10 282	9 620	5.7%	6.9%	6.8%	6.9%
Operating profit	1 327	1 291	1 040	2.8%	24.1%	4.0%	24.7%
Operating margin	12.2%	12.6%	10.8%				
Restructuring, business disposals and impairment charges included in operating margin	(0.3)%	0.0%	(2.9)%				
Turnover and underlying sales growth	2006 vs 2005	2005 vs 2004					
Underlying sales growth (%)	7.7	8.7					
Effect of acquisitions (%)	0.0	0.0					
Effect of disposals (%)	(0.8)	(1.6)					
Effect of exchange rates (%)	(1.1)	0.0					
Turnover growth (%)	5.7	6.9					

2006 compared with 2005

Turnover at current rates of exchange rose by 5.7%, after the impact of acquisitions, disposals and exchange rate changes as set out in the table above. Operating profit at current rates of exchange rose by 2.8%, after including an adverse currency movement of 1.2%. The underlying performance of the business after eliminating these exchange translation effects and the impact of acquisitions and disposals is discussed below at constant exchange rates.

Markets remained buoyant in most of the key countries though there was a slowdown in consumer spending in Thailand. Underlying sales growth of 7.7% was broadly based and our aggregate market shares remained stable.

India grew well across major sectors. A mix of global, regional and local brands is driving growth, notably *Wheel* and *Surf Excel* in laundry, and *Clinic* in haircare. A second year of excellent growth in China, stemmed from a combination of market growth, better distribution and innovations behind global brands such as *Omo*, *Lux* and *Pond's*, as well as the local toothpaste brand, *Zhonghua*. Indeed, Unilever Oral Care and *Zhonghua* exhibited at the FDI World Dental Federation Congress in China to showcase 'Live, Learn, Laugh' – Unilever's global partnership with the Federation to improve oral health globally.

Indonesia sustained good momentum, not only in the large Home and Personal Care ranges but also in Foods as a result of strong performances in ice cream and savoury. Thailand had a disappointing year through weak demand and intense competition. A major programme of activities is under way to correct this.

Australia experienced a much improved performance with share gains in a number of areas. In Japan, *Lux Super Rich* – the leading brand – performed well despite the launch of a competitor's major brand. However, *Dove* and *Mod's* lost share.

Savoury, ice cream, laundry and household care brands were the main drivers of strong growth in Turkey, while sales in Arabia were well ahead.

In South Africa, aggressive price promotions by a local competitor have reduced laundry sales, but there were strong growth and share gains in Foods.

Innovation is increasingly being driven globally and regionally, rather than locally. The new *Sunsilk* range has been introduced in most major markets and in laundry, the *Dirt is Good* positioning is now in place across the region. *Pond's Age Miracle*, incorporating unique technology and designed specifically for Asian skin, has been launched in four countries. Meanwhile the latest global *Axe/Lynx* fragrance, *Click*, has been introduced in Australia and New Zealand.

As in the rest of the world, the Foods innovation programme focused on Vitality. *Moo*, a wholesome children's ice cream range based on the goodness of milk, has been very well received by mothers and children alike and has proven a real success story in South East Asia. Healthy green tea innovations are being rolled out extensively, while in South Africa marketing for *Rama* margarine now communicates the product's healthy oils. Addressing the needs of lower income consumers, low-priced *Knorr* stock cubes – already successful in Latin America – were also introduced in the region.

Operating review by region Asia Africa (continued)

2006 compared with 2005 (continued)

The operating margin at 12.2% was 0.4 percentage points lower than a year ago. Before the impact of restructuring, disposals and impairments, the operating margin would have been in line with last year. The benefits to margin of strong volume growth and savings programmes were fully offset by higher commodity costs and other cost inflation which could not be fully recovered in pricing.

2005 compared with 2004

Turnover at current rates of exchange rose by 6.9%, with no net impact from currency movements. Operating profit at current rates of exchange was 24% higher than in 2004, after allowing for an adverse impact from currency movements of 0.6%. The underlying performance of the business after eliminating these exchange translation effects and the impact of disposals is discussed below at constant exchange rates.

We capitalised on our leading positions and buoyant consumer demand across most of the region, growing underlying sales by nearly 9%, in a competitive environment, and increasing market share in key battlegrounds.

The growth was broad-based in terms of both categories and geographies. There were notable performances in all major developing and emerging countries, including a strong recovery in India with market share gains, and significant contributions from China, which was up by over 20%, and from South East Asia, South Africa, Turkey and Arabia. Japan returned to growth. After a weak first half, Australia improved in the second half of the year.

Most of the increase came from volume, but price growth gained momentum through the year, as we moved selectively to recover increased commodity costs, especially in home care.

Growth was underpinned by a range of innovations. In skin care in India, *Lux* was strengthened with new soap bars from the global range and the introduction of limited editions. Innovations in *Pond's* included a new 'mud' range in China.

In haircare we launched *Dove* in Indonesia, a *Sunsilk* summer range across South East Asia, a new variant for *Lux Super Rich* in China and a strengthened *Sunsilk* range across several key markets in Africa and the Middle East.

New formulations for our laundry products include improved whiteness delivery for *Surf* in Indonesia and *Omo* for sensitive skin in Turkey.

In tea, we substantially strengthened the *Brooke Bond* brand in India, while *Lipton* benefited from strong regional innovations, including Earl Grey and Green Tea variants in markets such as Turkey and Arabia.

The operating margin was 12.6%, 1.8 percentage points higher than in 2004. Increased investment in advertising and promotions was partly offset by productivity gains. The remaining difference was due to net restructuring, disposal and impairment charges which were insignificant in 2005 compared with a net charge of 2.9% in 2004.